Sewing Instructions for Cashin Coat

Fabrics: Wool tweed, bouclé, melton, wool double-cloth, hand-loomed mohair. Not suitable for obvious diagonals.

Yardage: 2³/₃ yds. 56-in. to 60-in. wide fashion fabric. ¹/₃ yd. lightweight pocket lining. 7¹/₂ yds. leather or suede binding (1¹/₂ in. wide); add 1¹/₄ yds. if binding interior underarm seam. If you're binding with synthetic leather or suede, ¹/₃ yd. of 45-in. fabric is plenty, assuming you cut the strips 1¹/₂ in. wide on the cross grain. A note on sizing

The Cashin coat is remarkably adaptable to a wide range of sizes, probably because there are no precise fitting points, like shoulder seams, cuffs, or a waistline. The coat is 46% in. long in front and 44½ in. in back, 50 in. around at the underarm, and 56 in. from sleeve hem to sleeve hem. It looks great on anyone from a 5 ft. 10 in. size 18 to a 5 ft. 4 in. size 8. Body and sleeve length are the only

Step 3: Position pockets on inside of coat along placement lines indicated on pattern. Baste into position. The raw edges on either side of the bound openings will be caught when leather binding or other edge finishing is applied to coat edges.

Step 4: Topstitch pockets to coat, stitching through all thicknesses ¼ in. from pocket edges. This stitching will show on the front of the coat, so if you are working with a fabric that will not camouflage the stitching, be very careful to make the stitching lines smooth and precise. One method is to make a cardboard template from the topstitching guide, and use it to trace the guide exactly onto the coat front, then topstitch pocket from the coat side.

Step 5: Fold fabric at shoulder point (point G), right sides together, and stitch each underarm seam starting at slash on side seam, pivoting at circle and matching notches on sleeve seams. Slash to circle after seam is sewn.

Step 6: On the Cashin coat this interior underarm seam allowance is bound with leather. If you want this type of finish, do it now. Stitch the binding strip to the seam allowance before you trim and grade the seam, then fold binding over and stitch in the ditch to secure. An alternative method is to use a flat-felled seam. **Step 7:** Bind all seams (center front, side seams to slash, hem, and sleeve hems) in leather as described in Step 2, or use an alternate finish. If using leather strips seamed together, position a seam at neckline center back and work outwards from there.

feasible places to alter the garment, if

necessary. To alter the length, slash and

so they're straight lines again. Adjust the

add or subtract at the sleeve hem: the

fabric.

spread (or overlap) front and back equally

on horizontal lines anywhere below the side

seam opening, then redraw the side seams

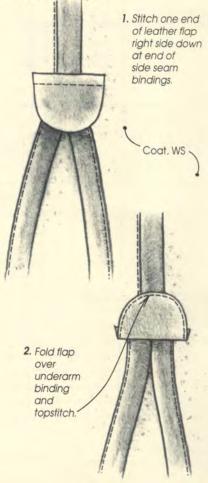
pocket opening edge to match the new side

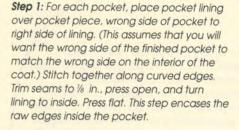
seam angle. To alter the sleeve length, simply

limiting factor is of course the width of your

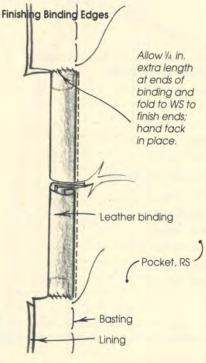
Step 8: On the Cashin coat a small piece of leather is used at the interior junction of the side seam slash and underarm seam to cover the three binding junctions, as shown in the drawing at right. Machine or hand-stitch in place, with underarm seam binding folded to the back.

Underarm Binding Finish





Step 2: To bind pocket mouth, slash seam allowance of pocket and lining to circles and trim away allowances at opening. Baste raw edge of lining to raw edge of pocket along entire straight edge. Apply leather binding to pocket mouth, catching lining too: Staystitch the raw edge at a scant ¼ in., then stitch binding to edge at ¼ in., face down to pocket side (more details on p. 37, Threads #31). Fold binding over edge, baste, then stitch in the ditch from the pocket side to secure, and trim close to stitching. Tuck the raw edges at each end of binding strips under and tack, as shown in the drawing below.



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